

**Purposes of the** presentation

- Share knowledge
   Build networks
   Inspire colleagues to continue



### What to expect

- Background
- Music therapy for depression: State of the art
- A systemic N-of-1 design study
- Development of EIMT
- Experiences with EIMT
- Efficacy of EIMT
- Discussion of the findings



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# **Background**

- Depression is most prevalent mental illness
- Women are more affected than men
- Depressed mood or diminished interest/ pleasure
- Young adult students are at risk
- Students face many stressors
- Music therapy may help decrease symptoms



# Music therapy for depression: State of the art

- Cochrane review (Aalbers, Fusar-Poli et al., 2017)
- · Quantitative and qualitative analysis
- Nine trials were included (421 participants)
- Music therapy showed large effect sizes
- Interventions were often poorly described
- More research is needed

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## A systemic N-of-1 design study

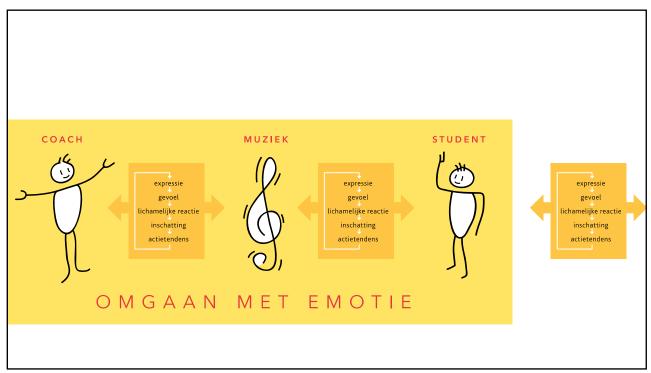
- Design and illustration with study (Aalbers, Spreen et al., 2017)
- Mixed methods design
- · Client, formal and informal network monitor outcomes
- Validated and personalised questionnaires
- Design helpful to evaluate outcomes and improve interventions
- Both individuals and group benefitted from music therapy

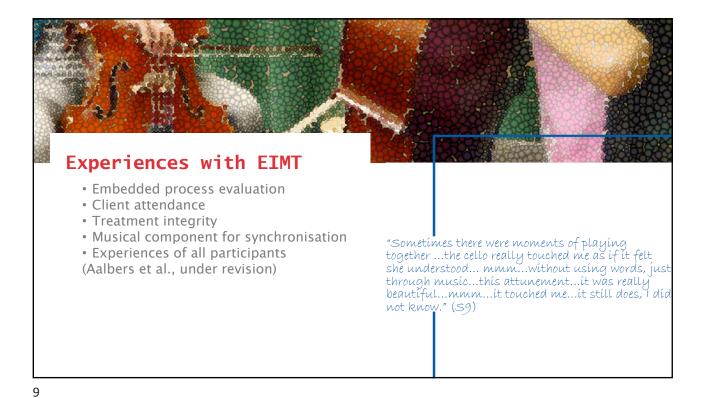
# Development of EIMT

Intervention Mapping: Follow the six steps (Aalbers et al., 2019)

- 1. Depression and emotion (dys)regulation
- 2. Music therapy, emotion regulation and depression
- 3. Prototype: improvisation / synchronisation
- 4. 10 session Emotion-regulating improvisational music therapy (EIMT)
- 5. Implement in university context
- 6. Monitor depression, emotion regulation (ER) and affect (NA / PA)

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Efficacy of EIMT Excluded (n = 7)Did not meet inclusion criteria (n = 3)Declined to participate (n = 4)young adult students with depressive symptoms Enrolled (n = 15) Loss to follow-up (n = 4), i.e.

During Baseline-phase (A.)

Adverse effects (n = 0)

Other reasons, lat (n = 1)

Discontinued intervention (n = 3), i.e.

Adverse effects (n = 0)

Other reasons, lat (n = 3) Completed empleted EIMT (n = 11) Table 4 Impact of EIMT on secondary outcome emotion regulation using DERS with ID T0 T1 T2 RCI Change Change T0-T2 Analysed immediately after EIMT (n = 11) \$10 Analysed after four-week follow-up (n = 11)Fig. 2. CONSORT flow-diagram of participant flow through study Multiple case design study (Aalbers et al., 2020) Voor download go to: https://authors.elsevier.com/a/1c1J5ivMu6s2B

### Discussion of the findings

- Music therapy is effective
- Decreases depressive symptoms and NA (anxiety)
- Improves ER and functioning
- Improvisation / Synchronisation / ER
- Further implement EIMT
- Case studies and RCTs to study effects of EIMT
- Study principles of EIMT and improve measures



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### References

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